# Chapter 113. Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills for Social Studies Subchapter A. Elementary

§113.11. Social Studies, Kindergarten, Adopted 2022 [2018] .

- (a) Implementation. The provisions of this section shall be implemented by school districts beginning with the 2025-2026 school year.
  - (1) No later than July 31, 2025, the commissioner of education shall determine whether instructional materials funding has been made available to Texas public schools for materials that cover the made available under this subsection, the commissioner shall determine no later than August 31 of

each subsequent school year whether instructional materials funding has been made available. If the commissioner determines that instructional materials funding has been made available, the commissioner shall notify the State Board of Education and school districts that this section shall be implemented for the following school year.

# (b) [(a)] Introduction.

(1) In Kindergarten, the study of the self, home, family, and classroom establishes the foundation for responsible citizenship in society. Students explore state and national heritage by examn(n(n(2.1 ()))]TJK2 (m)0.,7y

- basic democratic values of our state and nation as referenced in the Texas Education Code (TEC), §28.002(h).
- (6) Students understand that a constitutional republic is a representative form of government whose representatives derive their authority from the consent of the governed, serve for an established tenure, and are sworn to uphold the constitution.
- (7) Students must demonstrate learning performance related to any federal and state mandates regarding classroom instruction. Although Kindergarten is not required to participate in Celebrate Freedom Week, according to the TEC, §29.907, primary grades lay the foundation for subsequent learning. As a result, Kindergarten Texas essential knowledge and skills include standards related to this patriotic observance.
- (8) Students discuss how and whether the actions of U.S. citizens and the local, state, and federal governments have achieved the ideals espoused in the founding documents.

#### (c) [(b)] Knowledge and skills.

- (1) History. The student understands that holidays are celebrations of special events. The student is expected to:
  - identify national patriotic holidays such as Constitution Day, Presidents' Day, Veterans Day, and Independence Day; and
  - identify customs associated with national patriotic holidays such as parades and fireworks on Independence Day.
- (2) History. The student understands how historical figures helped shape the state and nation. The student is expected to identify contributions of historical figures, including Stephen F. Austin, George Washington, Christopher Columbus, and José Antonio Navarro, who helped to shape the state and nation.
- (3) Geography. The student understands the concept of location. The student is expected to:
  - (A) use spatial terms, including over, under, near, far, left, and right, to describe relative location;
  - (B) locate places on the school campus and describe their relative locations; and
  - (C) identify and use geographic tools that aid in determining location, including maps and globes.
- (4) Geography. The student understands physical and human characteristics of place to better understand self, home, family, classroom, and the world around them. The student is expected to:
  - (A) identify the physical characteristics of place such as landforms, bodies of water, Earth's resources, and weather; and
  - (B) identify how geographic location influences human characteristics of place such as shelter, clothing, food, and activities.
- (5) Economics. The student understands the difference between human needs and wants and how they are met. The student is expected to:
  - (A) identify basic human needs of food, clothing, and shelter;
  - (B) explain the difference between needs and wants; and
  - (C) explain how basic human needs and wants can be met.
- (6) Economics. The student understands the value of jobs. The student is expected to:
  - (A) identify jobs in the home, school, and community; and
  - (B) explain why people have jobs.
- (7) Government. The student understands the purpose of rules. The student is expected to:

- (A) identify purposes for having rules; and
- (B) identify rules t (e)4.J0 Tc 0 Tw (s)9.4 (t (e)4.J0 Tc p(e)4.2 os)9.5v8 (i)6.9 (f)1.7 o2 (s)9.4dsfe haffe eeis6

- (15) Social studies skills. The student uses problem-solving and decision-making skills, working independently and with others. The student is expected to: [The student is expected to use problem solving and decision making processes to identify a problem, gather information, list and consider options, consider advantages and disadvantages, choose and implement a solution, and evaluate the effectiveness of the solution.]
  - use democratic procedures to collaborate with others when making decisions on issues in the classroom, school, or community; and
  - use problem-solving and decision-making processes to identify a problem, gather information, list and consider options, consider advantages and disadvantages, choose and implement a solution, and evaluate the effectiveness of the solution.

### §113.12. Social Studies, Grade 1, Adopted <u>2022</u> [<del>2018</del>].

- (a) Implementation. The provisions of this section shall be implemented by school districts beginning with the 2025-2026 school year.
  - (1) No later than July 31, 2025, the commissioner of education shall determine whether instructional materials funding has been made available to Texas public schools for materials that cover the essential knowledge and skills identified in this section.
  - (2) If the commissioner makes the determination that instructional materials funding has been made available, this section shall be implemented beginning with the 2025-2026 school year and apply to the 2025-2026 and subsequent school years.
  - (3) If the commissioner does not make the determination that instructional materials funding has been made available under this subsection, the commissioner shall determine no later than August 31 of each subsequent school year whether instructional materials funding has been made available. If the commissioner determines that instructional materials funding has been made available, the commissioner shall notify the State Board of Education and school districts that this section shall be implemented for the following school year.

#### (b) [(a)] Introduction.

- (1) In Grade 1, students study their relationship to the classroom, school, and community to establish the foundation for responsible citizenship in society. Students develop concepts of time and chronology by distinguishing among past, present, and future events. Students identify anthems and mottoes of the United States and Texas. Students create simple maps to identify the location of places in the classroom, school, and community. Students explore the concepts of goods and services and the value of work. Students identify individuals who exhibit good citizenship. Students describe the importance of family customs and traditions and identify how technology has changed family life. Students sequence and categorize information. Students practice problem-solving, decision-making, and independent-thinking skills.
- (2) To support the teaching of the essential knowledge and skills, the use of a variety of rich material is encouraged. Motivating resources are available from museums, historical sites, presidential libraries, and local and state preservation societies.
- (3) The eight strands of the essential knowledge and skills for social studies are intended to be integrated for instructional purposes. Skills listed in the social studies skills strand in subsection (b) of this section should be incorporated into the teaching of all essential knowledge and skills for social studies. A greater depth of understanding of complex content material can be attained when integrated social studies content from the various disciplines and critical-thinking skills are taught together. Statements that contain the word "including" reference content that must be mastered, while those containing the phrase "such as" are intended as possible illustrative examples.
- (4) Students identify the role of the U.S. free enterprise system within the parameters of this course and understand that this system may also be referenced as capitalism or the free market system.
- (5) Throughout social studies in Kindergarten-Grade 12, students build a foundation in history; geography; economics; government; citizenship; culture; science, technology, and society; and

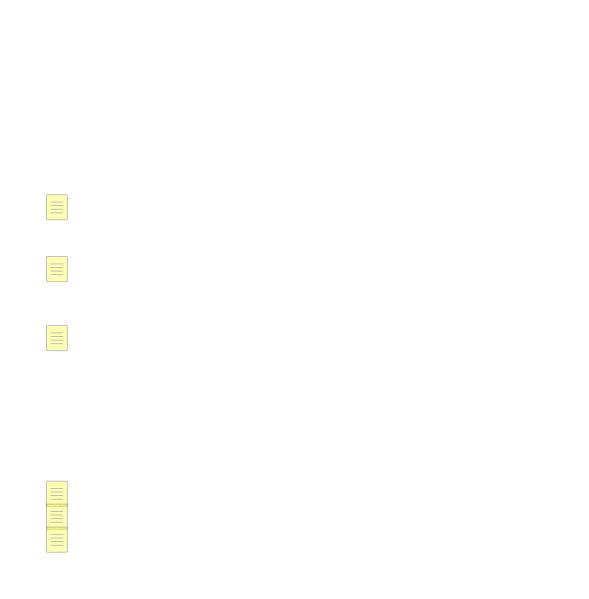
social studies skills. The content, as appropriate for the grade level or course, enables students to understand the importance of patriotism, function in a free enterprise society, and appreciate the basic democratic values of our state and nation as referenced in the Texas Education Code (TEC), §28.002(h).

- (6) Students understand that a constitutional republic is a representative form of government whose representatives derive their authority from the consent of the governed, serve for an established tenure, and are sworn to uphold the constitution.
- (7) Students must demonstrate learning performance related to any federal and state mandates regarding classroom instruction. Although Grade 1 is not required to participate in Celebrate Freedom Week, according to the TEC, §29.907, primary grades lay the foundation for subsequent learning. As a result, Grade 1 Texas essential knowledge and skills include standards related to this patriotic observance.
- (8) Students discuss how and whether the actions of U.S. citizens and the local, state, and federal governments have achieved the ideals espoused in the founding documents.

#### (c) [(b)] Knowledge and skill

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- (A) describe and explain the importance of beliefs, language, and traditions of families and communities: and
- (B) explain the way folktales and legends reflect beliefs, language, and traditions of communities.
- (15) Science, technology, and society. The student identifies individuals who created or invented new technology and understands how technology affects daily life, past and present. The student is expected to:
  - (A) describe how technology has affected the ways families live;
  - (B) describe how technology has affected communication, transportation, and recreation; and
  - (C) identify the contributions of scientists and inventors such as Alexander Graham Bell, Thomas Edison, and Garrett Morgan.
- (16) Social studies skills. The student applies critical-thinking skills to organize and use information acquired from a variety of valid sources, including technology. The student is expected to:
  - identify and state facts based on relevant evidence;
  - identify different kinds of historical sources and artifacts and explain how they can be used to study the pC)



# §113.13. Social Studies, Grade 2, Adopted <u>2022</u> [<del>2018</del>].

- (a) Implementation. The provisions of this section shall be implemented by school districts beginning with the 2025-2026 school year.
  - (1) No later than July 31, 2025, the commissioner of education shall determine whether instructional materials funding has been made available to Texas public schools for materials tsi.002 Tw 9.002 1Td[(0.9712 (18)]

- learning. As a result, Grade 2 Texas essential knowledge and skills include standards related to this patriotic observance.
- (8) Students discuss how and whether the actions of U.S. citizens and the local, state, and federal governments have achieved the ideals espoused in the founding documents.

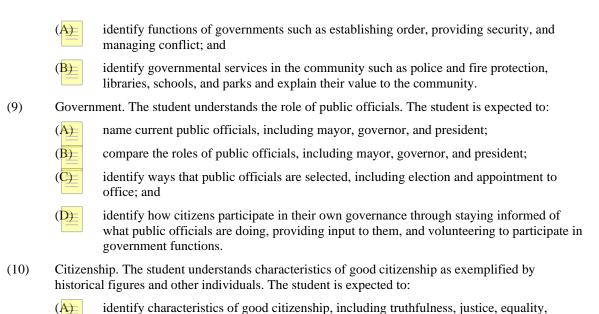
# (c) [(b)] Knowledge and skills.

(1) History. The student understands the historical significance of landmarks and celebrations in the community, state, and nation. The student is expected to:

(A)







respect for oneself and others, responsibility in daily life, and participation in government

by educating oneself about the issues, respectfuliul iderstandsy, ng trdern idehif asel Cispntn (o)12 g; Td()7

(14)	Science, technology, and society. The student identifies individuals who exhibited individualism
	and inventiveness. The student is expected to identify individuals who have exhibited
	individualism and inventiveness such as Amelia Earhart and George Washington Carver.

(15) Social studies skills. The student applies critical-













- (2) If the commissioner makes the determination that instructional materials funding has been made available, this section shall be implemented beginning with the 2025-2026 school year and apply to the 2025-2026 and subsequent school years.
- (3) If the commissioner does not make the determination that instructional materials funding has been made available under this subsection, the commissioner shall determine no later than August 31 of each subsequent school year whether instructional materials funding has been made available. If the commissioner determines that instructional materials funding has been made available, the commissioner shall notify the State Board of Education and school districts that this section shall be implemented for the following school year.

#### (b) [(a)] Introduction.

- (1) In Grade 3, students learn how diverse individuals have changed their communities and world. Students study the effects inspiring heroes have had on communities, past and present. Students learn about the lives of heroic men and women who made important choices, overcame obstacles, sacrificed for the betterment of others, and embarked on journeys that resulted in new ideas, new inventions, new technologies, and new communities. Students expand their knowledge through the identification and study of people who made a difference, influenced public policy and decision making, and participated in resolving issues that are important to all people. Throughout Grade 3, students develop an understanding of the economic, cultural, and scientific contributions made by individuals.
- (2) To support the teaching of the essential knowledge and skills, the use of a variety of rich material such as biographies, founding documents, poetry, songs, and artworks is encouraged. Motivating resources are available from museums, historical sites, presidential libraries, and local and state preservation societies.
- The eight strands of the essential knowledge and skills for social studies are intended to be integrated for instructional purposes. Skills listed in the social studies skills strand in subsection r1[(s)99.373ih amrv lva8]TJT[(p)-4 (r)-5 (eu)-4(al)2.9 ( l)2.(et)2.9 Tc 0.00tr ll (d1he)4. (i)2.9 (es)5d2.9 "(o)-4 (ci)2 2.9 (i)2.e1 (c( (le)4..)w T[(r 0 Td[(T)2.5 (-1.289T)6.957(h a)4(dge)4..(s)9.4 (f)1.66.9 (nt)4 (oc)4.09 (i)2.9 (a k,.(l) 2.9 (i)2.9 (a k)...(l) (le 2.9 (a k)...(l) (le 2.9

U.S. Constitution, and the abolitionist movement, which led to the Emancipation Proclamation and the women's suffrage movement.

(B)



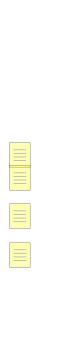






- identify and describe the heroic deeds of individuals such as Harriet Tubman, Todd Beamer, and other contemporary heroes.
- (12) Culture. The student understands the importance of writers and artists to the cultural heritage of communities. The student is expected to identify how various writers and artists such as Kadir Nelson, Tomie dePaola, Carmen Lomas Garza, and Laura Ingalls Wilder and their stories, poems, statues, and paintings contribute to the cultural heritage of communities.
- (13) Science, technology, and society. The student understands how individuals have created or invented new technology and affected life in various communities, past and present. The student is expected to:
  - (A) identify individuals who have discovered scientific breakthroughs or created or invented new technology such as Jonas Salk, Cyrus McCormick, Bill Gates, Louis Pasteur, and others; and
  - (B) describe the impact of scientific breakthroughs and new technology in computers, pasteurization, and medical vaccines on various communities.
- (14) Social studies skills. The student applies critical-thinking skills to organize and use information acquired from a variety of valid sources, including technology. The student is expected to:
  - (A) gather information, including historical and current events and geographic data, about the community using a variety of resources;
  - differentiate and compare the information about a specific issue or event provided in primary and secondary sources;
  - (C) [(B)] interpret oral, visual, and print material by sequencing, categorizing, identifying the main idea, distinguishing between fact and opinion, identifying cause and effect, comparing, and contrasting; [and]
  - (D) [(C)] interpret and create visuals, including graphs, charts, tables, timelines, illustrations, and maps  $: [\overline{z}]$
  - identify the central claim in a primary or secondary source; and
  - develop and communicate a claim and supporting evidence visually, or ally, or in writing related to a social studies topic.
- (15) Social studies skills. The student communicates in written, oral, and visual forms. The student is expected to:
  - (A) use social studies terminology correctly;
  - (B) create and interpret timelines;
  - (C) apply the terms year, decade, and century to describe historical times;
  - (D) express ideas orally based on knowledge and experiences; and
  - (E) create written and visual material such as stories, pictures, maps, and graphic organizers to express ideas ; and [-]
  - apply foundational language skills to engage in civil discourse about social studies topics, including those with multiple perspectives.
- (16) Social studies skills. The student uses problem-solving and decision-making skills, working independently and with others. The student is expected to: [The student is expected to use problem-solving and decision-making processes to identify a problem, gather information, list and consider options, consider advantages and disadvantages, choose and implement a solution, and evaluate the effectiveness of the solution.]
  - (A) use democratic procedures to simulate making decisions on school, local, or state issues; and







- (7) Geography. The student understands the location and patterns of settlement and the geographic factors that influence where people live. The student is expected to:
  - (A) explain the geographic factors such as landforms and climate that influence patterns of settlement and the distribution of population in Texas, past and present; and
  - (B) identify and explain patterns of settlement such as the location of towns and cities in Texas at different time periods.
- (8) Geography. The student understands how people adapt to and modify their environment. The student is expected to:
  - (A) describe ways people have adapted to and modified their environment in Texas, past and present, such as timber clearing, agricultural production, wetlands drainage, energy production, and construction of dams;
  - (B) explain reasons why people have adapted to and modified their environment in Texas, past and present, such as the use of natural resources to meet basic needs, facilitate transportation, and enhance recreational activities; and
  - (C) compare the positive and negative consequences of human modification of the environment in Texas, past and present.
- (9) Economics. The student understands the basic economic activities of early societies in Texas. The student is expected to:
  - explain the economic activities various early American Indian groups in Texas used to meet their needs and wants such as farming, trading, ati in T.ng; and

- (13) Government. The student understands important ideas in historical documents of Texas and the United States. The student is expected to:
  - identify the purposes and explain the importance of the Texas Declaration of Independence and the Texas Constitution;
  - identify and explain the basic functions of the three branches of government according to the Texas Constitution; and
  - identify the intent, meaning, and importance of the Declaration of Independence, the U.S. Constitution, and the Bill of Rights (Celebrate Freedom Week).
- (14) Citizenship. The student understands important customs, symbols, and celebrations of Texas. The student is expected to:
  - (A) explain the meaning of various patriotic symbols and landmarks of Texas, including the six flags that flew over Texas, the Alamo, and the San Jacinto Monument;
  - (B) sing or recite "Texas, Our Texas";
  - (C) recite and explain the meaning of the Pledge to the Texas Flag; and
  - (D) describe the origins and significance of state celebrations such as Texas Independence Day and Juneteenth.
- (15) Citizenship. The student understands the importance of active individual participation in the democratic process. The student is expected to:

(A)





- (4) Students identify the role of the U.S. free enterprise system within the parameters of this course and understand that this system may also be referenced as capitalism or the free market system.
- (5) Throughout social studies in Kindergarten-Grade 12, students build a foundation in history; geography; economics; government; citizenship; culture; science, technology, and society; and social studies skills. The content, as appropriate for the grade level or course, enables students to understand the importance of patriotism, function in a free enterprise society, and appreciate the basic democratic values of our state and nation as referenced in the Texas Education Code (TEC), §28.002(h).
- (6) Students understand that a constitutional republic is a representative form of government whose representatives derive their authority from the consent of the governed, serve for an established tenure, and are sworn to uphold the constitution.
- (7) State and federal laws mandate a variety of celebrations and observances, including Celebrate Freedom Week.
  - (A) Each social studies class shall include, during Celebrate Freedom Week as provided under the TEC, §29.907, or during another full school week as determined by the board of trustees of a school district, appropriate instruction concerning the intent, meaning, and importance of the Declaration of Independence and the U.S. Constitution, including the Bill of Rights, in their historical contexts. The study of the Declaration of Independence must include the study of the relationship of the ideas expressed in that document to subsequent American history, including the relationship of its ideas to the rich diversity of our people as a nation of immigrants, the American Revolution, the formulation of the U.S. Constitution, and the abolitionist movement, which led to the Emancipation Proclamation and the women's suffrage movement.
  - (B) Each school district shall require that, during Celebrate Freedom Week or other week of instruction prescribed under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, students in Grades 3-12 study and recite the following text from the Declaration of Independence: "We hold these Truths to be self-evident, that all Men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the Pursuit of Happiness--That to secure these Rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just Powers from the Consent of the Governed."
- (8) Students discuss how and whether the actions of U.S. citizens and the local, state, and federal governments have achieved the ideals espoused in the founding documents.

#### (c) [(b)] Knowledge and skills.

- (1) History. The student understands the reasons for and the role of key people in the European colonization of North America beginning in 1565, the founding of St. Augustine. The student is expected to:
  - (A) explain when, where, and why groups of people explored, colonized, and settled in the United States, including the search for religious freedom and economic gain; and



- (C) summarize the results of the American Revolution, including the establishment of the United States.
- (3) History. The student understands the significant individuals who contributed to the creation of the U.S. Constitution and the government it established. The student is expected to identify the contributions of Founding Fathers James Madison and George Mason who helped create the U.S. Constitution.
- (4) History. The student understands political, economic, and social changes that occurred in the United States during the 19th century. The student is expected to:

(A)

- (B) explain the geographic factors that influence patterns of settlement and the distribution of population in the United States; and
- (C) analyze the geographic factors that influence



- (21) Culture. The student understands the contributions of people of various racial, ethnic, and religious groups to the United States culture. The student is expected to:
  - (A) describe customs and traditions of various racial, ethnic, and religious groups in the United States; and
  - (B) summarize the contributions of people of various racial, ethnic, and religious groups to our national identity.
- (22) Science, technology, and society. The student understands the impact of science and technology on society in the United States. The student is expected to:
  - (A) identify the accomplishments of notable individuals in the fields of science and technology such as Benjamin Franklin, Eli Whitney, John Deere, Thomas Edison, Alexander Graham Bell, George Washington Carver, the Wright Brothers, and Neil Armstrong;
  - (B) identify how scientific discoveries, technological innovations, and the rapid growth of technology industries have advanced the economic development of the United States, including the transcontinental railroad and the space program; and
  - (C) explain how scientific discoveries and technological innovations in the fields of medicine, communication, and transportation have benefited individuals and society in the United States.
- (23) Social studies skills. The student applies critical-thinking skills to organize and use information acquired from a variety of valid sources, including technology. The student is expected to:
  - (A) differentiate between, locate, and use valid primary and secondary sources such as technology; interviews; biographies; oral, print, and visual material; documents; and artifacts to acquire information about the United States;
  - identify and ask questions about the credibility of different kinds of primary and secondary sources;
  - $(\underline{C})$  [ $(\underline{B})$ ] analyze information by applying absolute and relative chronology through sequencing, categorizing, identifying cause-and-



- (A) use social studies terminology correctly;
- (B) incorporate main and supporting ideas in verbal and written communication;
- (C) express ideas orally based on research and experiences; and
- (D)





